

INSTALLATION & OPERATION MANUAL





BATTERY CHARGER IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS — This manual contains important safety and operating instructions for the battery charger.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Do not expose the unit to rain or snow unless it is a sealed model.
- 2. Use of an attachment not recommended or sold by the manufacturer may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons.
- 3. Do not disassemble the battery charger; return it to the manufacturer or an authorized service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect reassembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire. Voltages in excess of 350 volts are present inside the charger anytime it is plugged into an AC outlet, even if it is switched off.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, unplug the battery charger from the AC outlet before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off controls will not reduce this risk.
- 5. Never place battery charger directly above battery; gases from battery will corrode and damage battery charger.
- 6. Never allow battery acid to drip on the battery charger.

BATTERY SAFETY

- WARNING RISK OF EXPLOSIVE GASES.
 - i. WORKING IN VICINITY OF A LEAD-ACID BATTERY IS DANGEROUS. BATTERIES GENERATE EXPLOSIVE GASES DURING NORMAL BATTERY OPERATION. FOR THIS REASON, IT IS OF UTMOST IMPORTANCE THAT EACH TIME BEFORE SERVICING EQUIPMENT IN THE VICINITY OF THE BATTERY, YOU READ THIS USER GUIDE AND FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS EXACTLY.
 - ii. To reduce risk of battery explosion, follow these instructions and those published by the battery manufacturer and manufacturer of any equipment you intend to use in vicinity of battery. Review the cautionary marking on these products.

2 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

- i. Someone should be within range of your voice or close enough to come to your aid when you work near a battery.
- ii. Have plenty of fresh water and soap nearby in case battery acid contacts skin, clothing, or eyes.
- iii. Wear complete eye protection and clothing protection. Avoid touching eyes while working near battery.
- iv. If battery acid contacts skin or clothing, wash immediately with soap and water. If acid enters eye, immediately flood eye with running cold water for at least 10 minutes and get medical attention immediately



- v. NEVER smoke or allow a spark or flame in the vicinity of a battery.
- vi. Be extra cautious to reduce risk of dropping a metal tool onto battery. It might spark or short-circuit the battery or other electrical part that may cause a fire or explosion.
- vii.Remove personal metal items such as rings, bracelets, necklaces, and watches when working with a lead-acid battery. A lead-acid battery can produce a short- circuit current high enough to melt metal, causing a severe burn.
- viii. NEVER charge a frozen battery.
- ix. If it is necessary to remove a battery from service, always remove grounded terminal from battery first. Make sure all accessories connected to the battery are off, to prevent an arc when reconnecting the new battery.
- x. Be sure area around battery is well ventilated.
- xi. Clean the battery terminals. Be careful to keep corrosion from coming in contact with eyes.
- xii. Study all the battery manufacturer's specific precautions such as removing or not removing cell caps while charging and recommended rates of charge

GROUNDING AND AC POWER CORD CONNECTION INSTRUCTIONS

The plug must be plugged into an outlet that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances

DANGER: Never alter the AC power cord or plug provided. If it will not fit the output, use an approved adapter or have the proper AC power cord installed by a qualified electrician. Improper connection can result in the risk of electric shock.

MEDICAL EQUIPMENT NOTICE

We do not recommend the use of these products in life support applications where failure or malfunction of this product can be reasonably expected to cause failure of the life support device or to significantly affect its safety or effectiveness. The use of any of these products in direct patient care is not recommended. Examples of devices considered to be life support devices are neonatal oxygen analyzers, nerve stimulators (whether used for anesthesia, pain relief, or other purposes), auto-transfusion devices, blood pumps, defibrillators, arrhythmia detectors and alarms, pacemakers, hemodialysis systems, peritoneal dialysis systems, neonatal ventilator incubators, ventilators for both adults and infants, anesthesia ventilators, and infusion pumps as well as any other devices designated as "critical" by the U.S. FDA.



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Introduction

The BCA1050PRO-MDS family of COTS AC-source battery chargers are designed to charge a battery at 12, 24, 32, 36, 48 or 72 (Rail) VDC. The 1050 family provides up to 1000 watts of precision precision charging power. These 1050 family is identical to their previous 1005 family models in form, fit, and function and is a direct drop in replacement for their predecessors.

Internally, the recently updated design incorporates time-tested switch-mode technology for unmatched efficiency. Additionally, heavy input and output filtering reduce EMI to extremely low levels to prevent radio interference.

These units are constructed from heavy-duty anodized extruded and billet machined aluminum and all stainless steel fasteners for rugged duty. These units feature a variety of optional environmental upgrades including IP66 rated construction for service in marine environments (IP67-rated construction with certification and testing also available). Additionally military ruggedization upgrades are also available including MIL-spec connectors, expanded operating temperature and shock and vibration protection.

Reliability features include an LED status indicator panel, input circuit breaker, thermal shutdown, current limiting, reverse polarity connection protection and output short circuit shutdown with automatic recovery.

Box Contents

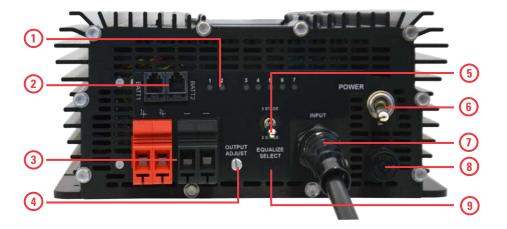
The box you have received should contain the following:

- One BCA1050PRO-MDS AC-source battery charger
- One battery temperature sensor
- This manual
- One warranty card

If anything is missing or damaged please contact your dealer for a replacement



Main Parts



Front Panel

- 1. Indicator LEDs
- 2. Battery Temperature Sensor Connection: 2x RJ45 telephone jack connector
- 3. **DC Output Connection:** 2x color-coded Phoenix VDFK terminal block connectors.
- 4. Output Voltage Adjust

- 5. Stage Select Switch
- 6. Power Switch
- AC Input Connection: 1.0m/3.0ft 3xAWG14 power cord with NEMA 5-15 plug
- 8. Input Fuse
- 9. Equalize Start button



Operation

The BCA1050PRO-MDS series battery chargers are designed for simple operation. Before operating, make sure this unit is properly installed and connected. See *Installation* for more information

TO CHARGE A BATTERY

- 1. Select the type of charging profile using the Stage Select switch on the front panel. See *Charging Profiles* for more information.
- 2. Move the Power Switch to ON. The alarm buzzer will sound and the LOW VOLTAGE OUTPUT LED will glow red briefly, then the POWER LED will glow green.
- 3. The CHARGING LED will glow green and the unit will charge the battery at the voltage and current listed on the label.
- 4. Once the battery is fully charged, the CHARGING LED will turn off. The unit will maintain the battery at full charge for as long as it is connected.

TO ADJUST THE CHARGING (FLOAT) VOLTAGE

The Output Voltage Adjust can be use to adjust the charging (float) voltage ±1.0V from the unit's rated output voltage in order to fine-tune its charging capabilities.

- 1. Move the Power Switch to ON.
- 2. Rotate the output voltage adjustment potentiometer on the front panel.
- Rotating the potentiometer clockwise increases the output voltage; counterclockwise
 descreases it
- 4. Using a voltmeter or multimeter, check the charging voltage at the Output Connection. Adjust until the voltage reading is suitable. If the unit has the optional digital meter, that can be used to read the output voltage instead.

TO END OPERATION

- Move the Power Switch to OFF.
- 2. Wait for all the LEDs stop glowing.
- 3. Once all of the LEDs are off, it is safe to disconnect the unit from the power source and battery. The unit is now ready for storage or service.



Operational Indicators

This unit features seven indicator LEDs on its front panel to display the unit's operating condition. The meanings of these LEDs are detailed below. For more information on the LEDs relating to alarm conditions, see *Troubleshooting*.

BCA ONLY LEDS EQUALIZE [1]

THE BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR MUST BE INSTALLED TO USE THIS FUNCTION

This LED glows red when the unit is performing an Equalize cycle. This LED blinks red when the unit is waiting for a battery to finish charging before performing an Equalize cycle.

BATTERY OVER TEMP [2]

THE BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR MUST BE INSTALLED TO USE THIS FUNCTION.

This LED glows red when the battery's temperature is above the safe limit, the unit will then turn OFF its outputs as precaution. Once the battery temperature is within the safe operating range, the unit will automatically resume operation

STANDARD LFDS

POWER ON [3]

This LED glows green when the unit is connected to an AC power source and turned ON.

CHARGING[4]

This LED glows green when the unit is currently charging a battery. This LED turns off when the connected battery is fully charged. The charger will maintain the battery at the float voltage for as long as it is connected.

OVERTEMP [5]

This LED glows red when the unit's internal temperature is above the safe limit, the unit will then turn OFF its outputs as a precaution. Once the internal temperature is within the safe operating range, the unit will automatically resume operation.

LOW VOLTAGE OUTPUT [6]

This LED glows red when the output voltage is too low to properly charge the battery, the unit will then turn OFF its outputs as a precaution. Once the unit detects the output voltage is within the normal operating range, it will automatically resume operation.

LOW VOLTAGE INPUT [7]

This LED glows red when the input voltage is too low for proper operation, the unit will then turn OFF its outputs as a precaution. Once the unit detects the input voltage is within the normal operating range, it will automatically resume operation.



Output Fuse Replacement

This unit features output reverse polarity connection protection. If a load or battery is connected to the output in reverse polarity, the output fuses will blow to protect the power supply or battery charger.

The unit is inoperable until the fuses are replaced. See the specifications section for rating and make fuses. When replacing the fuses, ALL the fuses must be replaced as they operate in parallel.

CAUTION: BEFORE REPLACING THE FUSES, DISCONNECT THE UNIT FROM THE POWER SOURCE AND MAKE SURE THE POWER SWITCH IS OFF.

To prevent risk of high voltage electric shock, the unit must be fully disconnected from power before attempting to replace the output fuses.

TO REPLACE THE FUSES:

- 1. Loosen and remove the ten screws holding the front panel to the chassis.
- 2. Gently pull the front panel free from the main circuit board. The output fuses are mounted in fuse holders on the front panel circuit board. Their location is indicated below.
- 3. Replace the old fuses with new fuses. The new fuses must be the same type and rating as the old ones. See *Specifications* for more information regarding output fuses.
- 4. The main circuit board connects to the front panel, via the black square shaped connectors above the fuses. Gently push the two together to seat them.
- 5. Make sure that any 0-ring seals and gaskets are properly seated. This is very important for the W/Y models in order to maintain a water-tight seal!
- 6. Re-insert all the front panel screws loosely, making sure none are cross-threaded. Once all screws are started, tighten them in sequence. The screws are made from corrosion resistant stainless steel which is softer that regular steel, so take care to not over-tighten.
- Reconnect the unit to power and check that it turns ON. Turn the unit OFF and then, making certain that the polarity is correct, reconnect the load or battery to the output. Turning the unit ON, normal operation should resume immediately.



Pictured: Front panel circuit board. Output fuse location indicated by red circle.

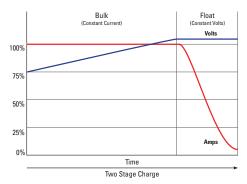


Charging Profiles

This unit has both two-stage and three-stage charging capability. You can choose which type of charging is used during operation by using the Stage Select switch located on the top panel. Below are explanations of the two charging profiles:

TWO-STAGE CHARGING

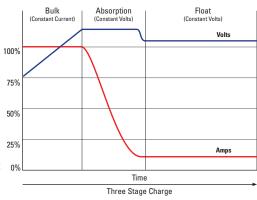
- The battery is charged at constant current until the battery's voltage reaches the float voltage.
- 2. The charging current diminishes as necessary to maintain the battery at that voltage.
- 3. Once the current drops to 10%, the charging cycle is complete. The unit will maintain the battery at full charge until needed.



Two-stage charging is gentler on the battery since the battery is subjected to lower voltage and current than in three-stage. In addition, a reasonable load can be connected to the battery without affecting the charger's ability to keep the battery at full charge.

THREE-STAGE CHARGING

- The battery is charged at constant current (higher than in two-stage) until the battery voltage reaches the absorption voltage.
- 2. Then the charging current diminishes as necessary to maintain the battery at that voltage.
- Once the current drops to 10%, the charging cycle is complete. The unit switches to keeping the battery at the float voltage and will maintain the battery at full charge until needed.



Three-stage charging is faster than two-stage, but the battery is subjected to higher voltage and current. Three-stage charging is not recommended for charging loaded batteries because the unit cannot differentiate between current going to a load connected to the battery and current being absorbed by the battery; which can cause overcharging.



Installation

MOUNTING

All 1050 units weigh approximately 20lbs (9.1 kg) and can be safely mounted on either a horizontal or vertical surface. Mount the unit in a dry and well ventilated location at least 1 inch (2.54 cm) surrounding clearance.

The W-series models are designed to meet IP66 rating, and is resistant to water spray from any direction. These units can be mounted in wet locations but are not suitable for submersion. The Y-series models are designed and certified to meet IP67 rating. These units are resistant to water immersion of a depth up to 1 meter for 30 minutes and suitable for mounting in locations such as a vehicle fording a river.

CAUTION: NEVER CONNECT OR DISCONNECT ANYTHING TO THE UNIT'S INPUT OR OUTPUT WHILE IT IS ON!

To prevent the risk of high voltage electric shock, never connect or disconnect anything to/from the unit's input or output connections while the power switch is ON.

GROUNDING

The unit case is connected to AC Ground and AC Neutral in order to meet regulatory requirements and reduce the possibility of it generating any radio frequency interference.

The unit case must be bonded appropriately to the grounding system of the vehicle or marine vessel. On a vehicle, bond the case to the vehicle's frame. On a marine vessel, bond the case to the vessel's hull. A grounding stud is provided on the front panel for this purpose.

To ensure proper grounding, check the connection with an ohmmeter. The case is isolated from the DC input, so the DC power can be connected to a different ground from the AC output.

DISCONNECTING

If you need to disconnect the unit for service or storage:

- 1. Move the power switch to OFF and disconnect the power source and load
- 2. With power disconnected, move the power switch to ON.
- 3. Leave the switch in this position for one minute to discharge the storage capacitors.
- 4. Return the power switch to the OFF position.
- 5. The power supply or battery charger is ready for service or storage.



AC Input Connection

The AC Input connection is intended for connection to the AC power source that is powering the battery charger or power supply. This unit features switch mode technology and can operate from any AC input voltage from 90-133 and 180-264 VAC.

Some units may require wiring to this connection. To determine suitable wiring, the rated input voltage and current values can be found on the unit label located on the top panel. For more information, regarding input power specifications, see the *Specifications* section.

This unit is equipped with a 1.0m/3.0ft power cord ending in a NEMA 5-20 plug connector (for North American models) or a CEE7/7 plug connector (for European models) to serve as an AC Input Connection.

To hard wire this connection a source of power, cut the plug off the wire, and strip the wires inside as necessary. The wire colors are as follows:

| Wire Color | Polarity |
|------------|------------|
| Black | AC Hot |
| White | AC Neutral |
| Green | Ground |



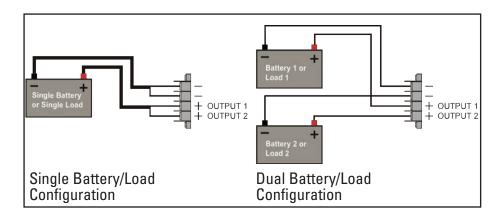
DC Output Connection

The DC Output Connection is intended for connection to the batteries being charged or DC load being powered by the battery charger or power supply, respectively. To ensure normal operation, the total average connected load should not exceed the unit's output amps rating.

Some units may require wiring to this connection. To determine suitable wiring, the rated output voltage and current values can be found on the unit label located on the top panel. For more information, regarding output power specifications, see the *Specifications* section.

This unit is equipped with two sets of Phoenix VDFK terminal block connectors to serve as a DC Output Connection. This polarity of this connection can be found on the front panel label and is also as follows:

| Connector Color | Polarity |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Black | Negative |
| Red | Output Positive |



IMPORTANT: THE 12 VOLT OUTPUT UNITS ONLY SUPPORT SINGLE BANK CHARGING DUE TO THE HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT.

TIP: WHEN CHARGING MULTIPLE BATTERIES THEY MUST SHARE A COMMON GROUND.

CAUTION: NEVER CONNECT THE BATTERY IN REVERSE POLARITY!!

This will activate the reverse polarity connection protection which will blow the internal output fuses in order to protect the device. The unit will be inoperable until these fuses have been replaced. See *Output Fuse Replacement* for more information.



Battery Temperature Sensor

This unit is supplied with one battery temperature sensor. The sensor communicates the temperature of the battery to the battery charger and is necessary for the charger's voltage temperature compensation, battery over temperature shutdown and equalize cycle functions.



BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTION

This unit is equipped with two RJ45 "telephone jack"-type connector to connect to up to two Analytic Systems battery temperature sensors. To connect, push the clear plastic end of the sensor into the RJ45 connector until it snaps into place.

TO INSTALL THE SENSOR AT THE BATTERY:

- Slide the sensor flush between the side of the battery and wall of the battery platform.
- Place the battery on top of the sensor to hold it in place.
- Apply a small amount of silicone RTV sealant to the sensor and stick it to the top of the battery.

There are multiple ways to install the sensor at the battery. Regardless of which method you use, the sensor must be firmly secured and should not lose physical contact with the battery at any point in the charging cycle.

VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION

Heat is a normal by-product of the charging cycle. However, excessive heat can cause overcharging, damaging the battery. With a battery temperature sensor installed, the battery charger will automatically reduce the charging voltage to compensate for rising temperature. The ambient battery temperature is pre-set to 77°F (25°C). For each degree above 77°F (25°C), the charger will reduce the charging voltage by a small amount. See Specifications for more information regarding, the default temperature compensation coefficient of your unit. You can change the voltage temperature compensation coefficient and set its operating thresholds using Analytic Systems' free-to-download software PowerWizard.



Equalize Cycle

If a battery is left discharged for too long, sulfate crystals can form on its internal electrode plates. This interferes with their conductance reducing battery's capacity and charging speed.

Your battery charger can perform an Equalize Cycle to correct this condition. An Equalize Cycle ensures all the cells of the battery are fully charged; deliberately overcharging the battery at a low current until it reaches the unit's programmed Equalize Voltage. The charger maintains the battery at that voltage for three hours after which time the Equalize Cycle ends and the battery charger resumes normal operation; maintaining the battery at the float voltage.

DANGER: AN EQUALIZE CYCLE CAN ONLY BE PERFORMED IN A WELL VENTILATED AREA!

Hydrogen gas is a normal by-product of the Equalize Cycle and is explosive at concentrations greater than 4% of the local atmosphere.

CAUTION: A BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR MUST BE INSTALLED AND USED!

Heat is a normal by-product of the Equalize Cycle and excessive heat will damage the battery bank. The battery temperature sensor must be connected and installed to allow the unit to monitor the temperature and ensure it is within safe operating limits.

TO PERFORM AN EQUALIZE CYCLE:

- 1. Connect and install the supplied Battery Temperature Sensor. See *Installation* for more information.
- 2. Push the Equalize Button on the front panel. On some units, this button is recessed to prevent accidental operation; a ballpoint pen can be used to access it.
- 3. If the unit is not currently charging a battery, the EQUALIZE LED will glow red and the Equalize Cycle will begin.
- 4. If the unit is currently charging a battery, the EQUALIZE LED will blink red. Once the charging cycle ends, the CHARGING LED will shut off and the EQUALIZE LED will glow red and the Equalize Cycle will begin.
- 5. Three hours later, the Equalize Cycle will end. The battery charger will automatically resume normal operation maintaining the battery at the float voltage.



Troubleshooting

This unit is fitted with LED indicators and an alarm buzzer to display and diagnose any problems in operation. In the event of a malfunction, the unit will sound the buzzer to alert you prior to shutting itself down. You should immediately check which LEDs are glowing to determine the cause of the alarm.

| LED Indicator | Meaning |
|-----------------|--|
| BATT. OVERTEMP | The temperature of the battery being charged is too high for safe charging. |
| FIX: | The battery may be defective or there may not be adequate ventilation to cool the battery. |
| | Check that the battery is not defective using a multimeter. If it is working correctly, reposition the battery for better air circulation. |
| OVERTEMP | The unit's internal temperature is too high for normal operation. |
| FIX: | The unit's cooling fans may have failed or there may not be adequate ventilation to cool the power suppy/battery charger. Check that the cooling fans are still working; if they are not then the unit must be returned to an authorized service center for repair. |
| | If they are working correctly, remount the battery charger for better air circulation. |
| OVER LOAD | The output current has exceeded the peak rating for too long. |
| FIX: | Reduce the load on the power supply by disconnnecting some devices from the outpout. |
| LOW VOLTAGE IN | The input voltage is detected to be too low for normal operation |
| FIX: | Check that the power source is properly rated for use for the battery charger. Check that the input wiring and connection are free of damage and corrosion. |
| | If all of the above are in proper working order, the cause is likely an internal component failure and the unit must be returned to an authorized service center for repair. |
| LOW VOLTAGE OUT | The output voltage is detected to be too low for normal operation |
| FIX: | The output current might be exceeding the unit's peak rating causing the output voltage to drop to try and maintain the current at that level. Check if the output current is above its maximum rating, using a multimeter. If it is, reduce the load connected to output. |
| | Check that the output wiring and connections are free of damage and corrosion. If all of the above are in proper working order, the cause is likely an internal component failure and the unit must be returned to an authorized service center for repair. |



Specifications

| INPUT | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Volts Actual | 90-133 VAC and 180-264 VAC |
| Maximum Input Amps | 13.1 A (@ 90 VAC in) |
| Input Fuse (Circuit Breaker) | 25 A Slow Blow Part # MDA25A |
| Input Ripple and Noise | <50 mV Peak to Peak |
| Frequency | 45-65 |
| Power Factor | >0.99 @ 50/60 Hz |
| Inrush Current | <13A @264 VAC from fully discharged |

| OUTPUT | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Volts Nominal (VDC) | 12 | 24 | 32 | 36 | 48 | 72 (rail) | 72 |
| Charging Amps (A) | 80 | 40 | 30 | 27 | 20 | 15 | 13 |
| Float Voltage (VDC) | 13.5 | 27.2 | 36.3 | 40.8 | 54.4 | 72.5 | 81.6 |
| Absorption Voltage (VDC) | 14.4 | 28.8 | 38.4 | 43.2 | 57.6 | 76.8 | 86.4 |
| Absorption to Float Switch (Amps) | 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Output Overvoltage Trip (VDC) | 17.0 ±0.5 | 34.0 ±1.0 | 45.0 ±1.5 | 51.0 ±1.5 | 68.0 ±2.0 | 90.0 ±2.5 | 102.0 ±3.0 |
| Output Overvoltage Type | Crowbar (intentional secondary short circuit to force a reset of charger) | | | | | | |
| Temperature Compensation Coefficient (mV/°C) | -30 | -60 | -80 | -90 | -120 | -180 | -180 |
| Equalize Voltage (VDC) | 15.5 | 31.0 | 41.3 | 46.5 | 62.0 | 82.7 | 93.0 |
| Equalize Maximum Amps (A) | 8 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 1 |
| Equalize Time | 1.5, 2.2 or 3.0 Standard hours | | | | | | |
| Recommended Battery Size (Amp-Hours) | 200-800 | 100-400 | 75-300 | 60-270 | 50-200 | 35-150 | 30-130 |
| Output Fuses | 3x ATM30 Internal | 2x ATM25 Internal | 2x ATM20 Internal | 2x Bel 0697H9200 20A Internal | 1x Bel 0697H9150 20A Internal | 1x Bel 0697H9200 20A Internal | 1x Bel 0697H9200 20A Internal |
| Output Voltage Adjustment | ±1.0 V | | | | | | |
| Duty Cycle | Continuous: 100% for 24 hours per day | | | | | | |
| Regulation (Line and Load) | +/- 0.1 volts | | | | | | |
| Efficiency | > 85% @ Maximum Output | | | | | | |
| Charging Stages (Selectable) | 2 Stage (| CC-Float) (| or 3 Stage | (CC-Absor | ption-Float |), switch s | electable |
| Number of Battery Banks | 1 | 1 or 2 | 1 or 2 | 1 or 2 | 1 or 2 | 1 or 2 | 1 or 2 |



| ENVIRONMENTAL | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Operating Temperature Range | -25°C to +40°C @ maximum output. Derate Linearly 2.5% per °C from 40°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -40°C to +100°C |
| Humidity | 0 - 95% Relative Humidity (non-condensing) with standard conformal coating |
| Isolation | Input-Case, Input-Output and Output-Case: 1500 VDC |
| Cooling | Two internal thermostatically controlled fans |
| Audible Noise | 20 dB @ 1 meter when fan operating |
| Typical Service Life | > 10 years (87,600 hrs) |
| Warranty | Five years parts and labor |
| Approvals | Designed to meet UL458 & CSA 22.2.107.1 |

| MECHANICAL | |
|--|---|
| Length | 16.8 in / 42.7 cm |
| Width | 8.2 in / 20.8 cm |
| Height | 3.8 in/ 9.7 cm |
| Clearance | 1.0 in / 2.5 cm all around |
| Weight | 20.0 lb / 9.9 kg (approximately) |
| Material & Finish | Extruded aluminum chassis and bottom cover, billet machined aluminum end plates, all black anodized |
| Fasteners | 18-8 Stainless steel |
| Input Connections | 3 m / 9.8ft 3xAWG14 power cord with NEMA 5-15 or CEE 7/VII plug |
| Output Connections | 2x Color-coded Phoenix VDFK6 terminal blocks |
| Battery Temperature Sensor Connection (*) | 2x RJ45 'telephone jack' connector |

^{*}Specifications subject to change without notice,



Limited Warranty

- The equipment manufactured by Analytic Systems Ware (1993) Ltd. (the "Warrantor") is warranted to be free from defects in workmanship and materials under normal use and service.
- 2. This warranty is in effect for:
 - a. 5 Years from date of purchase by the end user for standard products offered in our catalog.
 - b. 2 Years from date of manufacture for non-standard or OEM products
 - c. 1 Year from date of manufacture for encapsulated products.
- Analytic Systems will determine eligibility for warranty from the date of purchase shown on the warranty card when returned within 30 days, or
 - a. The date of shipment by Analytic Systems, or
 - b. The date of manufacture coded in the serial number, or
 - c. From a copy of the original purchase receipt showing the date of purchase by the user.
- 4. In case any part of the equipment proves to be defective, the Purchaser should do the following:
 - a. Prepare a written statement of the nature of the defect to the best of the Purchasers knowledge, and include the date of purchase, the place of purchase, and the Purchasers name, address and telephone number.
 - Call Analytic Systems at 800-668-3884 or 604-946-9981 and request a return material authorization number (RMA).
 - c. Return the defective part or unit along with the statement at the Purchasers expense to the Warrantor; Analytic Systems Ware (1993) Ltd., 8128 River Way, Delta, B.C., V4G 1K5, Canada.
- 5. If upon the Warrantor's examination the defect proves to be the result of defective material or workmanship, the equipment will be repaired or replaced at the Warrantor's option without charge, and returned to the Purchaser at the Warrantor's expense by the most economical means. Requests for a different method of return or special handling will incur additional charges and are the responsibility of the Purchaser.
- 6. Analytic Systems reserves the right to void the warranty if:
 - a. Labels, identification marks or serial numbers are removed or altered in any way.
 - b. Our invoice is unpaid.
 - The defect is the result of misuse, neglect, improper installation, environmental conditions, non-authorized repair, alteration or accident.
- No refund of the purchase price will be granted to the Purchaser, unless the Warrantor is unable to remedy the defect after having a reasonable number of opportunities to do so.
- Only the Warrantor shall perform warranty service. Any attempt to remedy the defect by anyone else shall render this warranty void.
- There shall be no warranty for defects or damages caused by faulty installation or hook-up, abuse or misuse of the equipment including exposure to excessive heat, salt or fresh water spray, or water immersion except for equipment specifically stated to be waterproof.
- 10. No other express warranty is hereby given and there are no warranties that extend beyond those described herein. This warranty is expressly in lieu of any other expressed or implied warranties, including any implied warranty of merchantability, fitness for the ordinary purposes for which such goods are used, or fitness for a particular purpose, or any other obligations on the part of the Warrantor or its employees and representatives.
- 11. There shall be no responsibility or liability whatsoever on the part of the Warrantor or its employees and representatives for injury to any person or persons, or damage to property, or loss of income or profit, or any other consequential or resulting damage which may be claimed to have been incurred through the use or sale of the equipment, including any possible failure of malfunction of the equipment, or part thereof.
- 12. The Warrantor assumes no liability for incidental or consequential damages of any kind

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